LLM Sys 11868 LLM Systems Decoding

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Recap about Tokenization

- Subword tokenization: Byte-Pair-Encoding

 iteratively merging most frequent pairs of tokens
- Information-theoretic vocabulary (VOLT)

 solving entropy constrained optimal transport problem
- Pre-tokenization through regex
- Number treatment
- Vocab sharing impact multilingual performance
 o how to solve languages in stagnant quad

Outline

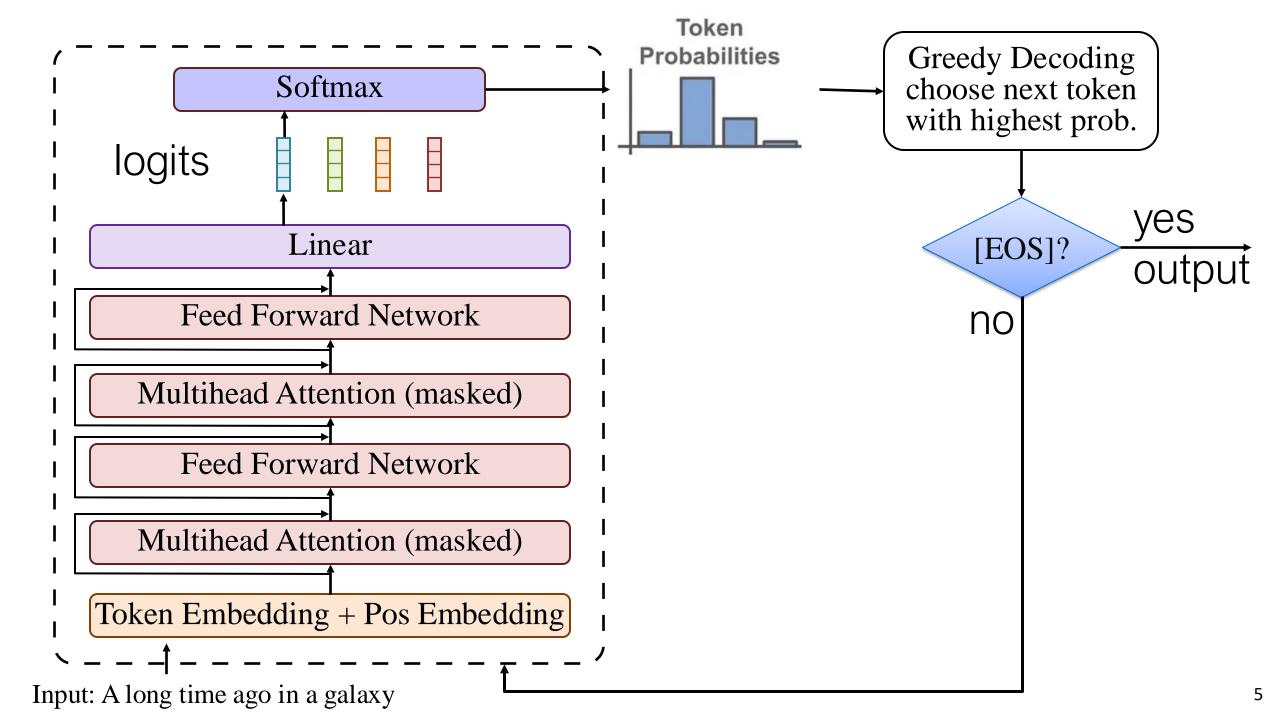
• How to generate text at inference time

Sequence Decoding

$$\underset{y}{\operatorname{argmaxP}(y|\mathbf{x})} = f_{\theta}(x, y)$$

- naive solution: exhaustive search
 too expensive O(V^N)
- Greedy (max) decoding
- Sampling
- Beam search

o (approximate) dynamic programming



Max Decoding

• For every next token, pick the one that maximizes the probability

$$\max p(x_t | x_{1\dots t-1})$$

• equivalent to maximizing logits, no need to normalize

Sampling

- Instead of $\operatorname{argmax}_{y} P(y|x) = f_{\theta}(x, y)$
- Generate samples of translation Y from the distribution P(Y|X)
- Q: how to generate samples from a discrete distribution?

Discrete Sampling

- sample n values x's from k categories, with prob. p1, p2, ... pk
- Direct sampling: O(nk)
- Binary Search: O(k + n logk)
- Alias sampling: O(k logk + n)

probs = torch.softmax(logits, dim=-1)
next_token = torch.multinomial(probs, num_samples=1)

Fast Sampling with Gumbel Max Trick

• sampling from Categorical(Softmax(h)) is equivalent to

 $arg \max x$ $z \sim Uniform(0,1)$ $x = h - \log(-\log z)$

• Theory: x follows Gumbel distribution, and argmax x follows Categorical($\frac{\exp h_i}{\sum_{j=1}^k h_j}$)

https: //timvieira.github.io/blog/post/2014/ 08/01/gumbel-max-trick-and-weightedreservoir-sampling/ Stochastic Beams and Where to Find Them: The Gumbel-Top-k Trick for Sampling Sequences Without Replacement. Kool et al. ICML 2019 9 class GumbelSampler:

```
def __init__(self, batch_size, vocab_size, device):
    self.batch_size = batch_size
    self.vocab_size = vocab_size
    # Pre-compute noise
    self.noise = self._prepare_gumbel_noise(device)
```

```
def _prepare_gumbel_noise(self, device):
    # Generate noise tensor once
    uniform_noise = torch.rand(self.batch_size,
    self.vocab_size, device=device)
    return -torch.log(-torch.log(uniform noise))
```

```
def sample(self, logits):
```

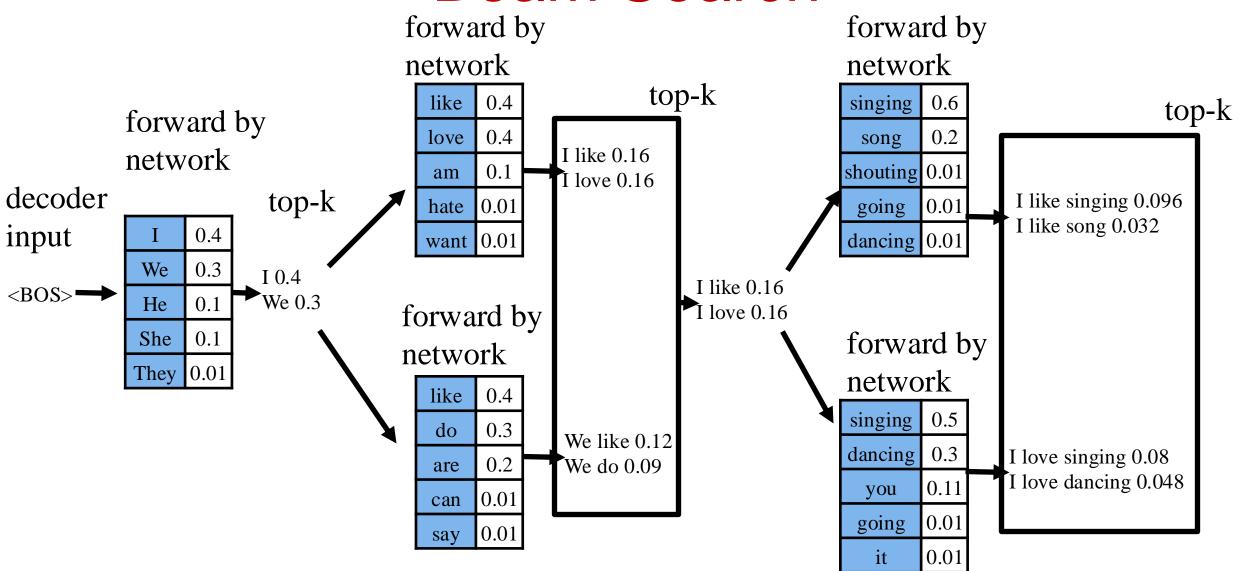
Direct sampling without softmax
return torch.argmax(logits + self.noise, dim=-1)

Beam Search

Find approximate solutions to $\underset{y}{\operatorname{argmax}}P(y|\mathbf{x}) = f_{\theta}(x, y)$

- 1. start with empty S
- 2. at each step, keep k best partial sequences
- 3. expand them with one more forward generation
- 4. collect new partial results and keep top-k

Beam Search



```
best scores = []
add {[0], 0.0} to best scores # 0 is for beginning of sentence token
for i in 1 to max length:
 new seqs = PriorityQueue()
  for (candidate, s) in best scores:
    if candidate[-1] is EOS:
      prob = all - inf
      prob[EOS] = 0
    else:
      prob = using model to take candidate and compute next token probabilities (logp)
    pick top k scores from prob, and their index
    for each score, index in the top-k of prob:
      new candidate = candidate.append(index)
      new score = s + score
      if not new seqs.full():
        add (new candidate, new score) to new seqs
      else:
        if new seqs.queue[0][1] < new score:
          new seqs.get() # pop the one with lowest score
          add (new candidate, new score) to new seqs
```

Pruning for Beam Search

- Relative threshold pruning
 - o prune candidates with too low score from the top one
 - O Given a pruning threshold rp and an active candidate list C, a candidate cand ∈ C is discarded if: score(cand) ≤ rp * max{score(c)}
- Absolute threshold pruning:
 o score(cand) ≤ max{score(c)} ap
- Relative local threshold pruning

Freitag & Al-Onaizan. Beam Search Strategies for Neural Machine Translation. 2017.

Combine Sample and Beam Search

- Sample the first tokens
- continue beam search for the later
- why?

Code example

 https://github.com/llmsystem/llmsys_code_examples/blob/m ain/decoding/decoding.ipynb

HW1 Survey

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1btWd65-BZJLrnofPkMYaEWqb7N6Bgi3AoSKBKhuggXY/viewform?edit _requested=true

Project

- <u>https://llmsystem.github.io/llmsystem2024spring/docs/Proje</u>
 <u>cts</u>
- Proposal due: 2/26

 You are highly encouraged to discuss your project with TAs
- Mid term Report: 4/1
- Poster Project Presentation: 4/24 or 4/25 (depending on room availability)
- Final Report: next day

Project Proposal

- What LLM System problem are you planning to address?
 o what are the system challenges?
- What are the existing state-of-art methods on this problem? Is the source code/model available?
- Possible directions for going forward.
- How do you evaluate the performance? what kind of workload?
- Who is your team and how are you planning to split the workload between team members?
- A rough timeline/milestones
- What CPU, GPU and storage infrastructure do need for this project? Please estimate the amount of computation time required.

Project Report Requirement

- Introduction/Motivation: This essentially lays out the problem definition, motivation, talks about why we need to work on it, the key contributions expected/presented in the work.
- Related Work/Background: This talks about key papers/works that provide context to your current work. Instead of listing down multiple past works, talk about the ones that minimally differ from your work, and how.
- Methodology: This section talks about your method, raises research questions and how you are going to address them.
- Experiments: This section can describe your experiments and the results you obtain.
- Analysis/Ablations: Typically, you would have multiple factors involved in your experimental setting. Analysis sections help you probe deeper into the results and help piece out contributions from individual modeling decisions made.
- Conclusion/Discussion: This would list the main takeaways from your work, discuss some future ideas (if any) and engage in discussion.
- Limitations: This section lays out some known limitations of your work.
- [final report only] Team Member Contributions List out each individual's contributions in this section.

Project Team Pairing